

Homework for Math 151H  
Professor: Frank Sottile  
Due **Thursday, 7 September 2006**

1. Page 111 of our text, problems 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27. For these, do not prove the limit, but do give a formula for  $\delta$  that depends upon  $\epsilon$  and (possibly) the number where the limit takes place.
2. Let  $f(x) = 1/(1+x)$ . What is
  - (a)  $f(f(x))$  (For which  $x$  does this make sense?)
  - (b)  $f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$ .
  - (c)  $f(cx)$ .
  - (d)  $f(x+y)$ .
  - (e)  $f(x) + f(y)$ .
  - (f) For which numbers  $c$  is there a number  $x$  such that  $f(cx) = f(x)$ . Hint: There are a lot more than you might think of at first glance.
3. Find the domain of the functions defined by the following formulas.
  - (a)  $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}$ .
  - (b)  $f(x) = \sqrt{1-\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ .
  - (c)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x-2}$ .
  - (d)  $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{x^2-1}$ .
  - (e)  $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{x-2}$ .
4.
  - (a) For which functions  $f$  is there a function  $g$  such that  $f = g^2$ ? Hint: You can certainly answer this question if “function” is replaced by “number”.
  - (b) For which functions  $f$  is there a function  $g$  such that  $f = 1/g$ ?

For your enjoyment:

